FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24 31	25	26	27	28	29	30

Fort Almanac—May 16.

Sun Rises	4.58 A M
Sun Sets	6.59 P M
Day's Length	14 h 06 m
High Water at Southport	10.20 P M
High Water at Wilmington	12.03 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 16.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 74°; 8 p. m., 76°; maximum, 89°; minimum, 70°; mean, 80.

Rainfall for the day, 00; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.97.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain was reported in the Memphis, Mobile, Montgomery and New Orleans districts for the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday. No rain in other districts of the cotton belt. The average maximum temperature ranged from 80 to 94 degrees.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Generally fair; light, variable winds.

The barometer has risen over the Northern States east of the Rocky Mountains and over the Southern States east of the Mississippi. It has fallen to the westward of the Rocky Mountains and in the Southwest. The weather is generally clear to-night in all districts east of the Mississippi.

Generally fair weather will continue in the districts on the Atlantic coast and from the Lake regions southward to the East Gulf States.

OUTLINES.

A cablegram from Truxillo to the Spanish Minister at Washington confirms the failure of the Bermuda to land her men and arms in Cuba on her last trip. —— Captain General Weyler has issued a proclamation ordering farmers in certain provinces to transport all grain stored upon their farms to the towns in their vicinities; a rebel leader was shot at Cienfuegoes yesterday morning. —— Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the newly appointed Consul General to Havana, is in Washington to receive final instructions before his departure for Havana. —— Secretary Carlisle has called on the depository banks in New York to pay into the Treasury $4,000,000 held by them of the recent bond issue money. —— A dispatch from Madrid states that the Cabinet has authorized the drafting of a formal remonstrance against the attitude of the United States towards Cuba; the Spanish Minister at Washington doubts the authenticity of the statement. —— A cyclone struck Sherman, Texas, yesterday afternoon, doing great damage and causing a fearful loss of life; the number of killed will probably reach one hundred. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 2½@3 per cent.; last loan at 2½ and closing offered at 2½ per cent.; cotton dull; middling gulf 8½c; middling uplands 8¼c; Southern flour was unchanged; common to extra fair $3.30@2.90; good to choice $2.90@3.20; wheat—spot dull and easier; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 at elevator 35½c; afloat 36¼c; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 26¼@26¾c; rosin quiet and weak; strained common to good $1.80@1.85.

It is said that the sugar crop of Cuba will not reach 200,000 tons this season, which will be a shortage of 1,000,000 tons.

Mr. J. H. Burgwin, of Pittsburg, is seven feet five inches in height, but isn't half as proud as Mark Hanna since he "fixed" Indiana.

Kaiser William indulges in some queer freaks at times, but he should not be judged too harshly, for he, like the Sultan of Turkey, is a hard cigarette smoker.

Senator Tillman says he will not join the Populist party, but there are pretty strong indications that the Populist party would not object to joining Senator Tillman.

The gold fellows in the East are trying very hard to get Mr. McKinley to arise and say something about the gold standard. But the man who has a pretty sure grip on 506 delegates when he needs only 460 may not see the necessity for making any side remarks.

The man who discovers a sure cure for consumption will receive a life annuity of $5,000 from a fund left by Mme. Audified, of Paris, for that purpose. The award is to be made by the Paris Academy of Medicine, which is in charge of the fund.

Special programme for the little ones at Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's matinee to-day at 3 p. m. †

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 47. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,882

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Atlanta *Journal*, gold standard, rises to remark that; "Horace Boies, of Iowa, who is being boomed by the silverites for the Democratic Presidential nomination, says wages are too high in this country, and that free silver coinage is the way to reduce them." We haven't the slightest hesitation in pronouncing this an unmitigated fabrication. Nobody ever suspected Horace Boies of being a fool.

Mrs. Emmet Drew, known on the stage as Hattie Richardson, during a rehearsal in New York the other day yelled in the ear of a big St. Bernard dog. The dog resented this familiarity by fastening his teeth in Hattie's cheek and holding on till beaten off by her husband. Her face was terribly lacerated and disfigured.

An English syndicate has just bought for $2,500,000 in gold a silver mine in Mexico. This indicates that the gold men are not much afraid of Mexico nor of silver. When they get control of a sufficient number of silver mines, they may possibly give their consent to the remonetization of silver.

Mr. Hesing, Postmaster at Chicago, now rises to remark that the conversation he had with the President in reference to his candidacy for a renomination, as told to a staff correspondent of the *World*, occurred a year ago, and that he told the *World* man so distinctly; so that conversation is a back number.

The richest man in the world, John B. Robinson, of South Africa, was a tramp eighteen years ago. He is now worth over $349,000,000. We mention this by way of encouragement to the American tramp. He may drift down to the North Carolina gold fields some time and strike it rich.

Mr. Moore, of Newark, N. J., has solved the problem of producing light from electricity without heat. The cost at present is the same as the incandescent light, but he expects to so improve his invention as to make the cost less.

Dr. Salmon, said to be the oldest Free Mason in the world, died a few days ago in London, aged 105 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S W SANDERS—Best butter.
JOHNSON & FORE—Summer goods.
C W POLVOGT & CO—Lowest prices.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— In the City Court yesterday Ara Evans, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined five dollars and costs.

— The fire this morning at 2 a. m. was in a small frame dwelling on Seventh between Ann and Nun streets. The building was insured for $100.

— The steamer *A. P. Hurt* arrived from Fayetteville yesterday afternoon with a good freight of naval stores, and left at 8 p. m. on her return trip.

— The opening of the Clarendon Yacht Club's new club-house at Ocean View last night was attended by a number of ladies and gentlemen from the city.

— The Raleigh *News and Observer* says Dave Sutton, Judge Russell's sword-bearer, struck a snag when he ran up against Settle Dockery, son of H. C. Dockery. Young Dockery mauled Sutton on the nose and then they were separated.

Clarendon Yacht Club.

The opening of the new and spacious club house and large bath rooms of the Clarendon Yacht Club last night was a brilliant affair. The large veranda that completely encircles the club house was crowded with visitors, while the large dancing hall was well filled by those who came to enjoy themselves dancing to sweet strains of music made by the Italian string band. After dancing until ten o'clock the members of the club were generous enough to invite all present to refreshments, which were heartily enjoyed.

The last train left the Beach after eleven o'clock, bringing the many visitors back to the city. The opening was not only a grand success, but a most pleasant affair. The club house will surely be a great attraction at Ocean View this Summer. The buildings were designed by and erected under the supervision of Architect H. E. Bonitz, of this city, last fall, but were not opened until last night for use of the members of the club.

Special programme for the little ones at Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's matinee to-day at 3 p. m. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Miss Sallie Burgwin is quite sick at her residence.

— Mr. M. V. Hardin, of Fayetteville, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jesse Hawes, of Richmond, Va., is in the city visiting friends.

— Mr. R. L. Hay, of Baltimore, was stopping at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. Louis H. Hancock has a position in Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

— Mr. J. W. Ragsdale, of Timmonsville, S. C., is in the city on business.

— Mr. Oscar Lewis, of Atlanta, was in the city yesterday, a guest of The Purcell.

— Mr. J. I. Fowlkes, of St. Louis, Mo., is in the city, registered at The Purcell.

— Mr. T. R. Robertson and Miss Robertson, of Charlotte, are visitors in the city.

— Col. F. W. Foster and Mr. Wm. Struthers returned yesterday from Raleigh.

— The STAR had a pleasant visit yesterday from Mr. R. I. Durham, of Burgaw.

— Mr. Hill Burgwin, of Pittsburg, Pa., formerly of this city, arrived here last night.

— Mrs. Lizzie Newton, of South Washington, is visiting friends and relatives in the city.

— Capt. T. S. Franklin, of Charlotte, and Miss Helen Liddell are visiting Mrs. W. E. Pickard.

— Mr. R. A. Brand, of Augusta, Ga., soliciting agent for the Atlantic Coast Line, was in the city yesterday on business.

— Messrs. A. T. Bowen, Raleigh; Jno. Bullock, Bullock; T. H. Newkirk, Vineland; W. W. Miller, Rocky Point, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—17 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 21 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—2 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 49 bbls rosin, 72 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—58 casks spirits turpentine, 46 bbls rosin, 3 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—15 casks spirits turpentine, 99 bbls rosin, 66 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—6 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—5 casks spirits turpentine, 173 bbls rosin, 35 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 25 bales; spirits turpentine, 127 casks; rosin, 368 bbls; tar, 197 bbls; crude turpentine, 85 bbls.

Children's Day.

To-morrow will be "Children's Day" in the M. E. Church South, and at Grace church of this city it will be appropriately celebrated by a sermon to the children and suitable services at 11 o'clock a. m. At 8 p. m., a sermon will be preached to parents.

Grace M. E Sunday school has changed its hour of assemblage from half-past 3 to half-past 4 o'clock.

One Cent a Word,

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Poor Prospect for Rain.

The bureau report issued yesterday from the Wilmington station stated that conditions indicated no decided change in the weather for this locality; it would be cooler last night and possibly Saturday, and then we will experience a return to warmer conditions. The prospect for good rains is very small, and the weather will continue generally fair for some time.

Hard Luck.

The *Pender Star*, of Burgaw, says: Last week a refrigerator car of strawberries, containing 450 crates, was made up at Burgaw and along the line for Montreal, Canada. We are informed the freight was $2 25 per crate. On the arrival of the car at Niagara, a duty of $700 was demanded before it could enter the Canadian territory. The duty, we learn, was not paid, and the supposition is that the berries will either be dumped into the Niagara, or run to Buffalo and sold for what can be gotten for them.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

Those needing the Automatic Burglar Proof Window Locks, which are cheap, strong and secure, or the latest "Diamond" Knife and Scissor sharpener, which are the best, will do well to write or call on Mr. J. D. Sidbury, 511 Queen street. A large number has already been sold. †

Take your children to the matinee at Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's to-day at 3 p. m. †

Grand ladies' and children's matinee at Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's to-day at 3 p. m. †

Grand ladies' and children's matinee at Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's to-day at 3 p. m. †

RUSSELL NOMINATED

AS THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

By a Bare Majority, on the Seventh Ballot After a Fierce Fight and Close Contest With Dockery—Marshall Mott Permanent Chairman of the Convention—Pritchard Endorsed for United States Senator—Report of the Fusion Committee on Conference with Populists—Resolutions Endorsing McKinley Adopted—Zeb Vance Walser Nominated For Attorney General—Delegates at Large to the St. Louis Convention Elected.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 15.

The Committee on Credentials was in session until 2.30 this morning and decided all of the contests except Perquimans. The decisions were, of course, favorable to Dockery, and they have to go before the convention for endorsement. The decision rendered in the counties are given, viz: Craven, delegation divided; Cumberland, delegation divided; Edgecombe, Dockery delegates seated; Franklin, John Williamson, who is for Dockery, is seated; Halifax, contest withdrawn; Mecklenburg, delegation divided; Union Dockery delegates seated; Wake, Jim Young's crowd downed and the Dockery delegation seated; Wilson, Sharp's crowd turned down; in Wilkes, Mott's crowd seated.

A great deal of caucussing went on last night. It is generally thought this morning that Dockery will get the nomination on the first ballot, though if he fails watch, Jim Boyd. Boyd has a wonderful hold on the convention.

The fact became generally known this morning that the Committee on Credentials was ready to report, and by 10 o'clock the hall was well filled. There was a great kick by local Republicans and others without tickets when persons were refused admission to the gallery this morning. It became necessary to exclude the hangers-on, who went early and monopolized seats.

It only takes the mention of the name of some local Republican by loving constituents in the convention to bring a patriotic speech from the man mentioned. These speeches are not so acceptably received unless preceded by a joke. A. D. Cowles was called for and made a brief address.

Secretary Harris announced at half-past ten that the Committee on Credentials would not be ready to report until eleven o'clock and certainly not later than twelve. Chairman Holton later adjourned the committee until twelve noon, when, he stated, the committee would be ready to report. It seems that the committee is hurrying up on the Perquimans delegation.

H. O. Gudger will undoubtedly be one of the delegates at large, and it seems that Oscar Spears will be the other, instead of Mr. Meekins. Lusk stands the best chance of being permanent chairman.

Judge Russell is in the fight to stay, so his friedds say. Smiling Fred Rice is here, but he will make no contest.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Republican State Convention met to-day at noon for the fifth time after assembling yesterday morning. The Committee on Credentials was the cause of the delay, and its report was finally repudiated by a pool of the Russell, Boyd and Moody forces. The committee's majority report favored seating the Dockery delegation in six counties, gave Russell one county, and divided three. The minority report, which gave the counties of Union, Wilson and Perquimans to Dockery; and Wilkes, Mecklenburg, Wake, Craven, Cumberland, Edgecombe and Franklin counties to Russell, was adopted, after each county was taken up separately and the contestees and contestants given ten minutes speeches.

Senator Cook was opposed in his motion to have the contests considered separately by Congressman Settle.

The convention became very disorderly while the minority report was being adopted, and Chairman Holton had to call on Senator Pritchard to quiet the delegates. There was a heated discussion when Cumberland and Franklin counties were reached, but the combine made by Boyd, Moody and Russell to defeat the Dockery delegates who were ahead could not be overcome. Chairman Holton even went so far as to speak in behalf of John Williamson while presiding over the convention.

John Dancy nominated Senator Pritchard for permanent chairman of the convention, but the latter declined. G. Z. French nominated Marshall Mott; V. S. Lusk was also nominated. Mott received 141 votes and Lusk 97. Mott's election was made unanimous.

Delegates French and Pearson were appointed to escort Mott to the chair. Mott made a short speech, saying something friendly of all the candidates.

Judge Ewart offered a resolution nominating Jeter C. Pritchard as the choice of the Republican party in the State for United States Senator, and pledging the delegates to secure his election by all honorable means. The resolution was wildly endorsed by a unanimous vote.

Senator Pritchard was loudly called upon to make a speech. He stated that after March 4th there would be a Republican United States Senate. He stated that he was a friend of silver, and said some people claim to be the exclusive friends of silver, but the Republicans are the only true friends of silver. Said it would suit the Democrats to voice the silver issue and belog the tariff. The Democrats will give us the hardest fight of our life. We are under lasting obligations to the Populists and I am in favor of taking them by the hand. November they will be with us to a man.

Resolutions were introduced by Senator Pritchard, instructing the delegates to St. Louis for Wm. McKinley. The motion was carried by a rising vote, though it was noticed that quite a number of delegates kept their seats.

A committee on the order of business was appointed, with Richmond Pearson, H. L. Grant and Jas. Young as members.

Judge Ewart moved that a committee on resolutions and platform be appointed, and the motion was carried.

Adjournment was then taken until 8 p. m.

The combination against Dockery was a Boyd move. He increased Russel's delegates twenty-seven, and now Russell and Dockery both have about the same number. Boyd expects to capture the nomination. Some of the Dockery delegates are furious with Boyd and may vote for Russell in spite.

11.20 p. m.—The convention was convened again to-night at 8 15. A motion to limit speeches to five minutes was carried. Congressman Pearson was appointed chairman of the Committee on Platform and Resolutions. H. A. Gudger was nominated for elector at large by J. M. Moody. His election was unanimous. Oscar Spears was selected as the other elector.

When Chairman Mott announced that nominations for Governor were in order, pandemonium broke loose in the convention and candidates' names were on the lips of every delegate.

The resolution declaring for fusion with the Populists was adopted.

G. Z. French first put in nomination D. L. Russell, in a strong and pleasant speech which was enthusiastically received. Boyd, Dockery, Moody and Lusk were named in the order mentioned.

The first ballot was taken at 10.30 o'clock and resulted as follows: Dockery, 93 and 4 7; Moody, 18; Russell, 97 and 3 7; Lusk, 4; Boyd, 20. Total, 233; necessary to a choice, 117.

Result of second ballot: Russell, 101 3-7; Dockery, 90 4 7; Boyd, 23; Moody, 23.

11.50 p. m.—The third ballot resulted: Boyd, 20; Dockery, 90; Russell, 107; Moody, 18. Great shouting for Russell following.

There is a great demonstration for Judge Russell. Young Dockery hollered, "Dockery men, stand to your guns;" but his cry was drowned by shouts for Russell. At this minute a Russell banner was brought into the hall with a picture of Dan Russell and the words inscribed on it, "D. L. Russell, our choice." The scene that followed was one of wild enthusiasm for Russell.

12.25 p. m.—The fourth ballot resulted: Russell, 111; Dockery, 101; Boyd, 19.

Senator Moody came forward after the fourth ballot and announced that he would withdraw from the race as a candidate for Governor. He stated that he took the move for the best interests of the party. "Ever since I have been in the party," he said, "I have heard the name of Oliver H. Dockery, and I withdraw in his favor."

12.40 p. m.—The fifth ballot resulted: Russell 115 8 7; Dockery, 105 4 7; Boyd, 15.

1 a. m.—The sixth ballot resulted: Dockery, 114; Russell, 116; Boyd, 5.

1.15 a. m.—The seventh ballot resulted: Dockery, 103 4 7; Russell, 119 3-7; Boyd, 18. Russell is nominated, 119 votes being necessary for a choice.

1.45 a. m.—The convention went wild when the chairman announced that Daniel L. Russell was the nominee.

Senator Moody objected to the vote, because he claimed that Graham's vote was cast for Russell when the delegates were not in the hall.

Oscar Spiers got up and moved that Russell's nomination be made unanimous. There were loud cries of "No." Boyd was called for. He thanked the friends who supported him, and said it was the duty of every Republican to support Judge Russell, who was the acknowledged nominee.

Moody moved that the nomination be made unanimous.

Spiers, Boyd and Moody were appointed a committee to escort Judge Russell to the hall.

2.10 a. m.—Judge Russell addresed the convention. He said. "Well, my friends, you are tired, but if you had been kept on the ragged edge, like I have, you would know that you were tired. I desire to express my appreciation and gratitude for the honor conferred upon me." The Judge spoke of his friendliness to the negroes at all times, and declared that fusion with the Populists would yet result.

2.45 a. m.—Zeb Vance Walser was nominated for Attorney General by acclamation, on motion of Senator Pritchard.

3 a. m.—At 2.30 this a. m., J. E. Boyd C. M. Bernard, H. C. Denny and S. H. White were elected delegates at large to the St. Louis Convention.

[By United Press to the Star.]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 15.—The second day's session of the Republican State Convention began at noon, State Chairman Holton presiding. Four hours were devoted to passing upon the report of the Credentials Committee, and in each case when a vote was taken the delegates favorable to Russell for Governor were seated by an overwhelming majority. This was done evidently as a cut at Chairman Holton, as the Russell men charged that he had packed the Credentials Committee with Dockery men. There was a great deal of disorder, and some delegates said harsh words about Holton.

Senator Pritchard was nominated as permanent chairman of the convention but declared he would not accept. The contest for that position was then between V. I. Lusk and Marshall L. Mott and the latter, who is the son of Dr. Mott, chairman of the National Silver party, was the winner.

Balloting for Governor began at 11 o'clock. Three ballots were taken up to midnight, D. L. Russell leading with O. H. Dockery second, J. B. Boyd third and J. M. Moody fourth.

Senator Pritchard submitted the report of the conference committee, of which he was chairman, to arrange terms of fusion with Populists. The State Committee of the latter party rejected the Republican proposition, which was for division of the State officers and co-operation on State, Congressional and local affairs. The report made by Senator Pritchard was adopted. It goes on to say that if the Populist State Convention fails or refuses to nominate its part of the candidates on the State ticket, the Republican State Committee, is given power to complete the State ticket.

The Populists who met here yesterday to arrange with the Republicans for this fusion are said by Senator Butler's State Committee of Populists to in no wise represent their party and to have no authority to speak for it and pledge it.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

The officers of the Grand Commandery elected and installed at Newbern are:

Right Eminent Grand Commander, W. A. Withers, Raleigh.

Very Eminent Deputy Grand Commander, J. H. Hackburn, Newbern.

Eminent Grand Generalissimo, M. D. Bailey, Winston.

Eminent Grand Captain General, W. E. Storm, Wilmington.

Eminent Grand Prelate, Rev. C. L. Hoffman, Charlotte.

Eminent Grand Treasurer, Wm. Simpson, Raleigh.

Grand Recorder, H. H. Munson, Wilmington.

Grand Senior Warden, W. F. Randolph, Asheville.

Grand Junior Warden, J. D. Bullock, Wilson.

Grand Standard Bearer, DeWitt Allen, Charlotte.

Grand Sword Bearer, J. C. Drewry, Raleigh.

Grand Warden, Edward P. Bailey, Wilmington.

Grand Sentinel, Robert H. Bradley, Raleigh.

The Newbern *Journal* says the grand parade of Knights was a magnificent affair.

The procession was led by a platoon of Newbern police. Then came the Newbern Silver Cornet band and then the grand officers of the Grand Commandery of North Carolina. Next came the Second Regiment band of Wilmington and then a long line of Knights Templar from all over the State, and lastly came carriages, the leading one containing the banner of the Commandery.

SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION.

The special correspondent of the Raleigh *News and Observer* at Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that paper—

The delegates from Wilmington, Revs. Oliver and Kramer, went to the Convention determined, if possible, to secure the meeting next year for their city. They were backed up by the Board of Trade as well as by the Christian people of all denominations, and citizens generally. From "start to finish" they worked every delegate that could be stopped long enough to listen to them, and although Little Rock, Ark., was anxious for the Convention to meet there, and Louisville, Ky., stood ready to invite the body, Wilmington was chosen. Mr. Oliver said, if necessary, they would entertain 1,500 delegates, and that the compress warehouse would be fitted up as an auditorium capable of seating 4,000 people. This last statement was especially comforting to many of the delegates who had been frequently crowded out of the meeting in Chattanooga, the auditorium room of the First Baptist church there being always quickly filled by 1,200 people, the limit of its accommodation.

The meeting of the Southern Baptist Convention is a great event to any city and to the State as well, and we trust all our people will feel interested in joining hands with Wilmington in giving the Convention every needed comfort and attention for its session in 1897.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 8.00 p m. Experience meeting at 10 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.30 p m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend the services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. by the pastor. Class meeting will be held at 2.30 p m. Sunday Sch ol at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 9.45 a m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.00.

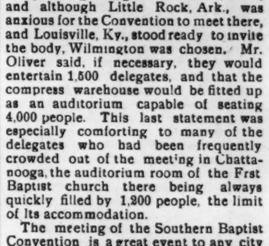
If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

Don't Be Buncoed!!

Why pay 5 cents for a New York newspaper when you can buy the great New York *Daily Journal*, which contains more cable news than the *Herald*, more general news than the *World* and more interesting and special features than both combined, for one cent daily or 11c per week, including Sunday. Order from C. M. Harris, news dealer, Front street. †

Take your children to the matinee at Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's to-day at 3 p. m. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



THE VERY BEST BUTTER IS MONARCH of the table. It's right to first place there's none to dispute, and in Wilmington none can dispute that our FOX RIVER BUTTER is the best. Agent for Glenoe Dairy Butter. Extra price and extra quality.
S. W. SANDERS.
my 17 tf

ARE YOU IN NEED
—OF—
Summer Foot Wear?

If so come and see us, we have them to please you in quality, styles and sizes, at prices as low as the lowest

ASK TO SEE OUR SPECIALTIES IN

Ladies' and Gents' Bicycle Shoes and Summer Leggings.

They are up to date.
Respectfully,
Mercer & Evans.
H. C. Evan's Old Stand,
my 9 tf 115 Princess street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. C. COKER, Jr., Assistant Cashier.
W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

We want your business, and will make it to your interest to deal with us.
Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

	May 7th, '94.	May 7th, '95.	May 7th, '96
Surplus and Net Profits	$30,500	$40,300	$57,900
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,676	NONE.	NONE.
Banking House, &c	15,600	13,500	10,000
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Installment of Capital paid in October, 1892. my 15 tf

LOWEST PRICES FOR HIGH GRADE GOODS.

We claim the best assortment suited to the needs of our patrons, the very best quality, the latest style and the Lowest Price, everything considered, to be found anywhere. Our stock and prices at all times will verify this assertion. We now offer a complete line of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Etc.,

And respectfully invite you to investigate our claims. See for yourself if the quality is right. See if the assortment is right. See if the style is right. See if the price is right. We know it is and the same knowledge will be yours.

Visit us this week and note the reductions we have made in our DRESS GOODS Stock. 20 per cent. discount on all Woollen Dress Goods, (Black excepted).

For Summer Wear we have the most complete stock of Linens, Lawns, Dimities, Ducks, &c., in white and colored figured ever shown in this city.

Visit our Second Floor for Matting, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Mosquito Nets, Trunks, Grips and Ladies' Summer Muslin Underwear.

We are sole Agents for the W. B. Corset and Butterick Patterns.

Samples on application.

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.,
Successors to Katz & Polvogt.
my 10 tf No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

JOHNSON & FORE.

SALE OF SUMMER GOODS.

We are showing an elegant stock of Wash Fabrics, all new of this season's production, and just the thing for the approaching warm weather, such as

Dimities, Organdies, Batiste, Spiral Cloths, Ducks, Ginghams, Plisse and Fancy Swiss Muslins.

Would call special attention to the beautiful selection of

White Goods, Laces and Embroideries

we have on hand, and still we are adding something new every few days. White, Fancy and Black PARASOLS to suit everybody.

Ladies' UMBRELLAS from $1.00 to $6.50.

Mail orders promptly filled.

Johnson & Fore,
my 12 tf No. 111 Market St.

Hardin's Sarsaparilla,
THE GREAT SPRING TONIC.

Seventy-five cents per bottle or three for $2.00. Same size as Hood's. For sale at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY
126 So. Front St.
Phone 55.
ap 26 tf

Berry Crates and Baskets

Send in and get them.

Orders solicited for

N. C. Bacon, Flour, Molasses &c., &c.

Snuff and Tobaccos

of the leading brands.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
my 2 DAW tf

Morality and Refinement
with health and happiness at
DR. BLUE MOUNTAIN JOE'S
Pavilion Palace of Amusement.
FRONT, NEAR CHURCH ST.

Indian Hut Remedies for all ailments. Consultations free. Office open daily from 9 a. m to 4 p. m.

The Biggest Free Show on Earth.
Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, admission free; Seats, 10c. Wednesdays and Saturdays, Matinee at 2 30. Admission free. Seats, 10c. Wednesday and Saturday Nights, admission 10c.
ma 13 tf

Combination Bicycle
FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

Wanted,

EVERYBODY TO CALL AND TRY THE best Whiskey, Wine and Beer in the city. Mixed drinks a specialty. Fine Cigars, &c. French Cafe.
A. P. LEVY, Manager,
my 2 tf 117 Princess street

Just Received

A HANDSOME LOT OF
Ladies' Black Jersey
LEGGINGS
—FOR—
SUMMER WEAR,

Special Sale at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
my 10 tf

SOUTHPORT AND WILMINGTON.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	Leave Wilmington.		Leave Southport.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	.....	6 00	2 30
TUESDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 70
WEDNESDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
THURSDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
FRIDAY	9 .0	5 00	.....	2 30
SATURDAY	.....	2 30	8 00	.....

ap 19 tf J. W. HARPER.

"A Positive Preventive and Cure."

That's what others say. Why not you? Have you tried it? If not, do so at once.

"Corneus' Bed Bug Interceptic"

is a Household Remedy for these pests. Most druggists sell it.

JAMES D. NUTT,
ap 8 tf Manufacturer.

Partnership Notice.

OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS WILL take notice that we have this day consolidated our business, which will hereafter be conducted by us at Nos 106 and 108 North Water street. The public are cordially invited to call and inspect our stock. The style of the firm name will be R. M. & J. L. Croom. This 14th day of May, 1896.
R. M. CROOM,
my 15 1t* J. L. CROOM & CO.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $5 00 per year, $2 50 for six months, $1 25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only inch remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to its position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1896

THE GOLD DRAIN.

The gold drain on the Treasury goes on steadily and at the present rate it will not be many weeks before the $100,000,000 line is crossed. The $128,000,000 in the Treasury after the gold had been received for the last sale of bonds has got down to something less than $114,000,000, with every prospect that the drain will go right on. It is apprehended by some who give attention to such matters that by next October the reserve left will be as small as it was when the last bond issue was made. Secretary Carlisle had an idea when he made a call for $100,000,000 that this would be enough to tide this administration over without the necessity of issuing any more bonds, a hope in which he seems destined to disappointment.

There seems to be some difference of opinion among the Northern gold papers as to the cause of these steady drains upon the gold reserve, some attributing them to a demand by Russia for gold and others to the "lack of confidence" among European capitalists in the stability of American finances in consequence of the silver agitation and the hesitation of politicians and platform makers to declare unequivocally for the gold standard. This is simply the reiteration of that old "confidence" rot which has played such a prominent part ever since the demand for the repeal of the Sherman act. The gold standard organs of the North have been doing their level best to draw McKinley out and get him to commit himself to the gold standard. They haven't succeeded very well and now some of them are trying another tack by representing him as virtually responsible for this gold drain, which they say is caused by the lack of confidence. The Philadelphia *Times* makes a dead set for him thus:

"This drainage of gold could be speedily halted, and the one man who could halt it is William McKinley, of Ohio, who is accepted at home and abroad as the probable candidate of the Republicans for President with every prospect of election; and one sentence from him declaring distinctly in favor of gold as the only standard of money known in this country and in the leading civilized countries of the world, would end public distrust, and foreign gold would seek American securities instead of foreign holders dumping them back upon our markets to drain us of the life blood of our financial system.

The Democrats are now but secondary in importance so far as the public trust in our national credit is concerned, for the reason that they are not expected to elect the next president, and the Populists are entirely unknown as a factor in shaping the financial policy of the United States. The Republicans are to-day the party that is looked to at home and abroad to maintain the national credit, halt the drainage of our gold and inspire foreign investment in American securities. With such a condition confronting the Republican leaders it is simply criminal alike in leaders and in candidates, to permit the coming party power to be regarded as in the remotest degree uncertain as to the gold standard of money.

"In the peculiar conditions which now confront us silence on the money question is criminal and evasive declarations involve cowardice that is beneath contempt. The only thing that the country and the world need to day to halt the drain of gold and to re-establish public and private credit, is the positive assurance that the successor of Grover Cleveland in the Presidency will be as patriotic and heroic as he has been in maintaining the national honor at every hazard. The gold drain can be halted, and William McKinley is the man to do it. If he refuses to speak he should be defeated at St. Louis; or, if nominated there, the business interests of the country should unite to defeat him in November."

The *Times* is politically an independent paper, with a leaning towards the Democratic party on general principles, but it is a gold organ of the most pronounced type. It seems to anticipate the success of the Republican party at the next election, and therefore considers that party now virtually responsible for the maintenance of confidence in the future financial stability of this country, and Mr. McKinley as the coming President more responsible than any other living man. Mr. McKinley may be nominated and possibly elected, but Mr. McKinley's silence on the money question has no more to do with the drain on the Treasury than it has with the presence of the Mexican weevil in the cotton fields of Southwestern Texas. This drain has been going on for over four years, ever since Secretary Foster decided to redeem Government demand paper with gold, and it will continue to go on while the gold-paying policy is pursued. The gold speculators can go to the Treasury and get gold without paying a premium on it if they have the kind of paper on hand to do it, and they generally manage to keep a stock of that kind on hand. They find the Treasury gold reserve a very convenient pile to draw from, and when it becomes depleted they are perfectly willing to buy more bonds at a big profit to fill it up again. That's what they have been doing for the past four years, and that's what they will continue to do as long as they can manipulate the Treasury and dictate its policy.

The *Times* attaches enttrely too much importance to the silence of Mr. McKinley, and takes too much for granted in assuming that a gold declaration by him would stop the drain on the Treasury. Such a declaration by him would doubtless be gratifying to gold manipulators, but the man who can stop the gold runs on the Treasury is Secretary Carlisle, who could do it by simply announcing his resolve to protect the Treasury from speculators and raiders by redeeming with "coin" paper presented for redemption, as Secretary Manning did when they undertook to do some raiding on him; but while Secretary Carlisle lets them have their own way, pays out his gold, and issues bonds for more when his reserve becomes exhausted, of course they will keep on drawing and shipping, or drawing and hoarding to force the issuing of more bonds.

Possibly this may be a trick to enable the gold standard people to play the "lack of confidence" racket to force the politicians into a positive declaration for the gold standard, the maintenance of which would enable them to continue their gold deals indefinitely at the expense of the people of the United States. There is one way to stop the raiding, to stop it for good, and that is to offer the raiders silver, as the Secretary of the Treasury can do under law and as he should do as the guardian of the Treasury and the friend of the people, whose interest should be dearer to him than the interest of the Treasury looters.

MINOR MENTION.

Indications are cropping out that the next Presidential campaign is, as far the Republican leaders are concerned, to be one of wholesale misrepresentation and sneaking slander. As one of these indication we reproduce the following taken from the platform adopted by the Republican convention of West Virginia, Thursday:

"We denounce the unnecessary issue of Government bonds in times of peace, a transaction involved in a mystery which has surprised and pained every man who loves his country."

The sneaking insinuation of crookedness contained in this sentence is contemptible in view of the fact that West Virginia had a Republican Senator, Stephen B. Elkins, who sat in the Senate all the time the Peffer bond-investigation was under discussion and never opened his mouth. He doubtless had a good deal to do with manipulating that platform, for he is the chief engineer of the party in that State, and there is little of importance done without consulting him. If he believed there was "a mystery" involved in these bond transactions which "surprised and pained every man who loves his country," why didn't he like a man, say so in the Senate as a representative of his State, and support Peffer in his efforts to secure an investigation? He didn't do it. He sat there silently, never uttered a word of assent or dissent, and now after long months in which he had frequent opportunities to speak, inspires or assents to this sneaking slander, and implied charge of unlawful action by the officials who manged these bond sales, a proceeding which is as contemptible as it is cowardly. They were glad that the bonds were issued and are now turning the engines of slander on the men who issued them. We look for a good deal of this kind of thing.

* * *

"Gold is the issue," exclaims the New York *Advertiser*, Republican, which is fighting McKinley because he will not come out flatfooted for gold. "Sound money," exclaim the Democratic gold organs. With them "sound money" means gold. It didn't mean that in 1892, but it does now, for like some of the distinguished statesmen who have changed their base and deserted silver, they have been studying up the question since then and have discovered that there is no really genuine money but gold. That is making the issue square, and that is the way it should be made. They have dropped bimetallism and pronounce that an evanescent dream, an illusive phantom, etc., etc., which the unsophisticated believers in the double standard must dismiss from their thoughts as one of the absolutely unattainable impossibilities. The cleaner cut the issue is made and the closer they draw to gold the better it will be for the silver men, and the better for the country, for the sooner this question will be settled. With the issue straight between silver and gold, between the double standard and the single gold standard, the masses of the voters will know exactly what they are voting for, and the issue as far as the people are concerned will not be long in doubt.

* * *

Professor Langley, of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington, has for some time been working quietly on an air-ship, and has the backing of some moneyed men who seem to have confidence enough in his success to put considerable money into it. A week or so ago he completed a model about four feet long, and gave it two trials some distance below Washington. On the first trial it was in the air a minute and a half and flew 1,000 feet; on the second trial it did flew over half a mile. The Professor proposes now to construct a practical machine, capable of carrying six persons, as soon as he can command such a fund as a deems necessary to carry out the work. The fact tha about $50,000 has been already furnished, most of it by Professor Alex. Graham Bell, augurs pretty well for securing the necessary money since these experiments have proved so satisfactory. There has been a great deal of work done on air ships within the past few years, some of which has met with more or less success, but none of the experiments have proved as satisfactory as these to which we have referred. There are people of course who will pronounce aerial navigation a dreamy vision, but there were many incredulous wise men when the first experimental steamboat was put upon the water.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Apropos of fat frying, President Cleveland's civil service order knocked a big hole in the frying-pan.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— This country caught many blockade-runners carrying arms and ammunition to the Confederates during the civil war. But who ever thought of putting one of them to death for that offense.—*N. Y. World, Dem.*

—— The news of the President's distaste for a third term was very slow in getting before the public. The next time Mr. Cleveland makes an announcement through Mr. Hesing he should put a special delivery stamp on it.—*Washington Star, Ind.*

—— Now that the famous British flying squadron has been ordered to disband without having been sent anywhere, the world will never cease to wonder why it was ever mobilizep. Whether this redoubtable naval force was intended to cross the Atlantic to punish Secretary Olney for having been saucy to Salisbury or to avenge the Kaiser's assault upon British prestige in South Africa will forever remain a profound secret. The gathering and disbanding of the flying squadron recalls the feat of the King of France and his tice ten thousand men, and what they did after the got to the top of the hill.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— He—"My ears burn so."
She—"Well, you must admit that you've got ears to burn."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Well Ahead—"Your wife seems to be anxious to be up to date, Tugby."
"Up to date? She's way ahead; she's got a lot a lot of trouble borrowed for year after next."—*Chicago Record.*

— Grigsby—Good gracious, my dear, why are you winding all that barb-wire around your ha?"
Mrs. Grigsby (with grim determination)—I'm getting it in shape for the first theatre usher who dares to lay a hand on it.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Reginald—Time brings about some odd changes, doesn't it?
Harold—I should say so! Look at the matter of costumes. Why, when we played tennis, we turned our trousers up at the bottom, and now that we play golf, we turn our stockings down from the top.—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Among the Brigands—Friendly Native (shaking hands with stranger about to depart)—I wish you a pleasant journey, sir, and hope you won't be molested by the brigands.
Gentleman (who has been badly fleeced at the inn)—Your advice comes too late, my friend, the thing's done.—*Leschaalle.*

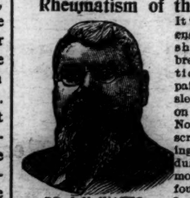
— "Is it hot enough for you, asked Satan?"
"Pur y warm," admitted the newly arrived oldest inhabitant, "but I remember some fifty years ago, when it was so durn hot that——"
The attending imps, at a signal seized him and shoved him down seven stories nearer the bottom which isn't there.—*Journal.*

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.


DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations, severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.
Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

BACK ACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. 25 cents.
Formerly all Druggists. change.
June 15 1y m tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Dunn *Union*: Our farmers all report splendid prospects for a crop this year.

— Monroe *Journal*: Mrs. Louisa Hamilton, widow of the late Stanly Hamilton, died at her home in New Salem township at a very advanced age, perhaps 88 years, Tuesday.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: Just as we were going to press this (Wednesday) morning news reached us of the death of Miss Laura McLaurin, which occurred at the home of her brother, Capt. W. H. McLaurin, of this place, shortly after 7 o'clock.

— Rocky Mount *Phœnix*: We regret to announce the death of Mr. Cordy Ellen, which occurred at his residence in Nash county, early Tuesday morning. He was 76 years old. He suffered a stroke of paralysis some time ago and never recovered.

— Wilson *Advance*: On Friday night the fast mail rain over a negro named Henry Peacock, of Lucama. When the coroner went to view the remains it was necessary to use a basket. The body was torn into shreds and scattered along the track for a distance of four hundred yards. The last piece was dropped only a few feet from his door.

— Rockingham *Rocket*: There are now thirty-three prisoners in our jail, the greater proportion of them being U. S. prisoners, committed for from thirty to ninety days. Fourteen were sent from the court at Wilmington last week, one being a woman. The great majority of these prisoners are colored. Four or more of the prisoners are under charge of murder and are to be tried the first week in June.

— Greensboro *Record*: Col. Geo. N. Folk, of Lenoir, who has been taking the Keeley treatment for the morphine habit, died at the institute this morning at 9 o'clock. He came here in April and was getting on very nicely, though he was naturally feeble. This morning about 8 o'clock he was seized with a severe congestive chill from which he never rallied. He was in his 63rd year and has been a prominent figure in politics for many years.

— Scotland Neck *Democrat*: Miss Sallie Braswell, who lives near Braswell's X Roads, will be one hundred years old if she lives to see next Christmas. She is cheerful and bright, but cannot walk. She has a good friend in her octogenarian neighbor, Mrs. Margaret Bell, who is eighty-three and lives a few miles from her. Not long ago Miss Braswell sent a message to Mrs. Bell asking her to come over the first day of May "and let's hold the glass over the well to draw our sweethearts."

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mr. Bascom Braswell, of Mr. Hiram Braswell, of New Salem township, died on the 12th instant of typhoid fever. He was 21 years old. —— Mr. Robin DeLaney, an aged and highly respected citizen of Jackson township, died suddenly on the 12th inst. He had been in feeble health for some time, but his death was unexpected. He was eating dinner when he died. —— Mr. Wesley Hinson, of East Monroe township, showed us a few days ago, locks of wool a foot long that he had sheared from his sheep. The wool is very fine and will bring a fancy price. Mr. Hinson does not know what breed of sheep he has. They are rather small, but as wool producers they are hard to beat.

The Cost of Gorham Silver

The great reputation of GORHAM SILVER does not increase its cost. To the value of Sterling Silver, 925-1000 fine, is added the expense of workmanship, little or much, according to the design, and to that a moderate profit—but the aggregate is no more than is asked for wares less beautiful, and less renowned.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

ANIMAL CURIOSITIES.

Tree Climbing Rabbits, Sheep Eating Parrots and Sheep That Love Snails.

It seems almost a stretch of the imagination to think of rabbits climbing trees. Yet in Australia many rabbits have somehow acquired the tree climbing habit, having been forced, on account of the persecutions of dogs and other animals, to drop burrowing and imitate squirrels. An Australian sent on to England recently the two front feet of a rabbit that had been killed on an acacia, three yards from the ground, and he wrote in his letter that this was not at all a remarkable thing, and he had often found them, or at least the traces of their claws, on the bark of trees four, five and six yards high.

For a parrot to eat sheep is another remarkable thing, and yet the kea of New Zealand has become a sheep eater, having changed to this article of food from a purely vegetable diet. The kea has proved a serious source of annoyance to the New Zealand herdsmen, and methods have been taken for the destruction of the species. These gay colored little birds will eat almost any kind of meat, but it is sheep that they prefer.

They have been known to kill as many as 200 in a single night and have done serious harm to the flocks. The tradition of the island is that at one time these parrots were unable to obtain their usual supply of vegetable food and that in desperation they invaded the "drying rooms" and ate whatever came to hand, finding sheep meat agreeable. In Iceland almost all the horses are fish eaters, for the reason that the grain is scarce there and fish is plentiful. In England sheep are known who delight in snails. The observation of this fact is not new; it dates back 150 years.

It is well known that a large number of insectivorous birds become grain eaters whenever they find that they cannot procure their ordinary diet of insects.—New York World.

Make it a point to see that your blood is purified, enriched and vitalized at this season with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE POTENT PEANUT.

ONE WOULD HARDLY THINK THE HUMBLE GOOBER SO IMPORTANT.

About Four Million Bushels Raised In This Country Every Year—The Most Nutritious and by Far the Cheapest of Foods—Substitute For Olive Oil.

But little is known of the peanut outside of localities in which it is grown, and even where it is most largely grown its possibilities are for the most part not at all realized, and it is not by any means made to yield the highest results it is capable of. Taking into account all its sources of value, the peanut ought to be one of the most profitable of the general farm crops in the south. The following facts about it are in the main condensed from a bulletin of the United States department of agriculture prepared by R. B. Handy of the office of experiment stations.

The yearly production of peanuts in this country is about 4,000,000 bushels of 22 pounds, the bulk of the crop being produced in Virginia, Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina. These 4,000,000 bushels, while fully supplying the present demand of the United States, constitute but a small part of the peanut crop of the world, as the exportation from Africa and India in 1892 amounted to nearly 400,000,000 pounds, of which 222,000,000 pounds went to Marseilles for conversion into oil.

The largest part of the American crop is sold by street venders, but small amounts are used by confectioners, chocolate manufacturers and for the manufacture of oil. Peanut oil is used for lubricating and soapmaking and is a good substitute for olive oil for salads and other culinary purposes and as a substitute for lard and cottolene and butter in cooking. The residue from oil-making, known as "peanut cake," is a highly valued cattle food in the countries of Europe and is also ground into fine flour and used as human food. It makes good soup, griddle cakes, muffins, etc., and is one of the most nutritive of foods. The vines, when dried, become a very nutritive hay, readily eaten by stock, though requiring care in the feeding lest it produce colic.

The present uses of the peanut and its products are likely to be greatly extended and new channels of utility found for it, as has been the case with cotton seed. With better methods of tillage and a larger yield per acre the cost of production could be greatly lessened. According to the eleventh census, the average yield of peanuts in the United States in 1889 was 17.6 bushels per acre, the average in Virginia being about 20 and in Tennessee 32 bushels per acre. This appears to be a very low average, especially as official and semi-official figures give 50 or 60 bushels as an average crop, and 100 bushels are not an uncommon yield.

While the peanut has been cultivated in the United States to a limited extent for a number of years, it is only since 1866 that the crop has become of primary importance in the eastern section of this country, which seems peculiarly adapted to its production. Between 1865 and 1870 the rapid spread of the culture of peanuts was phenomenal. Each year doubled and at times increased threefold its crop over that of the preceding year, so that this country, from being a large importer of west African nuts, was soon able to supply the domestic demand with the home raised article.

Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee produce a large part of the peanut crop of the United States. Within the last few years this crop has ceased to be as profitable as heretofore. The method of culture—the annual planting of nuts on the same land, the lack of proper rotation of crops, the complete removal of all vegetation from the land and the failure to replenish the soil by means of fertilizers—has been a great factor in reducing the profits of the crop by reducing the ability of the land to produce such crops as were previously secured in that section, so that now instead of an average of 50 bushels per acre, with frequent yields of over 100 bushels, the average in the peanut sections is not over 20 bushels, while the cost of cultivation has been but slightly reduced.

As regards food value, peanut kernels, with an average of 29 per cent of protein, 49 per cent of fat and 14 per cent of carbohydrates in the dry material, take a high rank and should be classed with such concentrated foods as soja beans, cotton seed, etc. The vines are shown by analysis to be superior to timothy hay as a feeding stuff and but slightly inferior to clover hay.

The ground hulls are used to a considerable extent as a coarse fodder in European countries. Peanut meal, the ground residue from oil extraction, is a valuable feeding stuff highly appreciated and extensively used in foreign countries. It contains, as the averages of over 2,000 analyses show, about 52 per cent of protein, 8 per cent of fat and 27 per cent of carbohydrates and is one of the most concentrated feeding stuffs with which we are familiar, ranking with cottonseed meal, linseed meal, etc., and in some cases ahead of them.

In describing the uses of peanuts it is scarcely necessary to more than refer to the use to which fully three-fourths of the American raised crop is devoted. The nut is sorted in the factory into four grades, the first, second and third being sold to venders of the roasted peanut either directly or through jobbers, while the fourth is sold to confectioners to be used in the making of "burnt almonds," peanut candy and the cheaper grades of chocolates. The extent of the use of the peanut by the American people will be more fully appreciated when it is remembered that they use 4,000,000 bushels of nuts yearly, at a cost to the consumers of $10,000,000, which do not form a part of the regular articles of food, but are eaten at odd times.—Boston Herald.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred, Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 76 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.
The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		5½
Standard	7½@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	5½@	5½
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½@	4½
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	25 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	5 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	43½@	45
Virginia Meal	40 @	43½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle	@	80
CANDLES— ₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	14 @	18½
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	-	5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	8 @	9
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 00 @	3 25
Mullets, ₩ half barrel	5 75 @	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ box	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 50
Choice	3 35 @	3 50
Straight	4 10 @	4 25
First Patent	@	4 70
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	42½@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	41½
Oats, from store	32½@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	40
Cow Peas	50 @	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 05
Western	@	90
North River	@	55
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	5½@	6
North Carolina	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, sanded	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	28
" " in bbls	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	26 @	27½
" in bbls	26 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12 @	25
NAILS, ₩ cent, 60d basis	3 35 @	3 45
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	11 50@	11 00
Rump	@	11 00
Prime	@	11 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	
on 100 ₩ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grans'd	5½@	5¾
Standard A	@	5¾
White Ex. C	@	5½
Extra C, Golden	@	5¼
C, Yellow	@	5¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5½@	7
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	6 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	20 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	20 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	8 50 @	6 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	6
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 20 @	3
North Carolina	1 20 @	3
OIL, ₩ lb—Linseed, Raw	14 @	
Clear of bars	18½@	
Boiled	@	

Mr. Switterda's School.

Early in the eighteenth century a Mr. Switterda announces that ladies and gentlemen who desire in a very short time to speak Latin, French or High Dutch fluently, and can spare but two hours a week, will be faithfully taught by him according to a very easy and delightful method, full, plain, most expeditious and effectual. "Every one," he continues, "is to pay according to his quality from 1 to 4 guineas a month, but be (Mr. Switterda) will readier agree by the great." A good contrast to the above is the plain and homely description of "a school about 40 miles from London. The master has had much success with boys, as there are almost 40 ministers and masters that were his scholars. His wife also teaches girls lacemaking, plain work, raising paste, sauces and cooking to a degree of exactness. His price is £10 or £11 the year, with a pair of sheets and one spoon, to be returned if desired."—Cornhill Magazine.

Balloons In War.

Blinkers—Do you think balloons will ever be useful in war?

Winkers (who has a good memory)—Well—er—they might come handy in case of a draft.—New York Weekly.

The doublet was a close fitting coat introduced into France from Italy about 1100.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing. No quotations.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 35 per bbl for Strained and $1 40 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Steady. Hard 1.90, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1 80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 28½c; rosin, strained, $1.15; good strained $1 20; tar $1 25; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 80, 2 25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	127
Rosin	866
Tar	197
Crude Turpentine	38

Receipts same day last year—115 casks spirits turpentine, 301 bbls rosin, 105 bbls tar, 37 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c for middling.. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅝ " "
Low Middling	7 6-16 " "
Middling	7¾ " "
Good Middling	8 1-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 6¼c.

Receipts—35 bales; same day last year 9.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8½ to 9½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7½c; Sides, 6½ to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3.50, seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended May 15, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
301	816	2,232	937	142

RECEIPTS.

For week ended May 16, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
59	966	3,802	1,142	214

EXPORTS.

For week ended May 15, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	500	674	13	688	199
Foreign	00	00	7,050	000	00
	500	674	7,063	688	199

EXPORTS.

For week ended May 16, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	169	433	163	1,308	205
Foreign	00	000	00	000	000
	169	433	163	1,308	205

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, May 15, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	5,797	67	5,864
Spirits	643	527	1,170
Rosin	19,635	3,991	23,561
Tar	7,572	00	7,572
Crude	776	00	776

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, May 16, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
11,795	1,670	9,822	3,372	765

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is

Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C·A·S·T·O·R·I·A

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

Is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

CUPID AND PSYCHE

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

a 25 D&W 1y till July 28 sa tu th

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

PAUSE AND THINK.

Our trials we could soften
If we'd only pause and think.
Tears would not flow so often
If we'd only pause and think.
Our skies would all be brighter,
Our burdens all be lighter,
Our deeds would all be whiter
If we'd only pause and think.

We would not proceed so blindly
If we'd only pause and think.
We would never speak unkindly
If we'd only pause and think.
We would cease unrest to borrow,
Darkly clouding each tomorrow,
We could banish worlds of sorrow
If we'd only pause and think.
—Chicago Journal.

HER WRITING TABLE.

"Now, I am going to be quite quiet," says my lady, "for you are going to write a letter. You will find everything you want at my writing table." She says this with rather a superb air. "If it wabbles," she adds more hastily, "put that little 'where is it' under the front leg. No, it won't hurt it really. I keep it there for the purpose. Oh, yes, it has a good many addresses in it, but I am afraid I haven't put down most people's numbers correctly, so I hardly ever use it. I think it is always better to put a dash instead of a number when you write to people, don't you? Postmen are so intelligent."

If there is everything I want at the writing table, I might also suggest—only, of course, I wouldn't be such a brute—that there are several things upon it which I don't want.

The principal articles on the table are as follows: A penwiper, with a group of silver dachshunds on the top; two vases of flowers and an "art" pot with bulrushes in it, a patent contrivance for moistening stamps, two large pockets of dress patterns ("if not returned in ten days, will be charged 8s. 6d."), a magnifying glass, a massive silver inkstand with a receptacle for ink about the size of a thimble inside, a knowing looking cashbox without a key, a china monkey, two quill pens with broad points, their feathers stiff with gum, having been lately used to paste pictures in a scrapbook; a photograph frame of untarnishable metal, a case for post cards, a case for twine, a case for almanac cards, a case for stamps (all these empty) and a case for Bradshaw (1889).

"Oh, do you want some note paper?" my lady exclaims in a tone in which natural surprise mingles with pretty impatience for not having noticed my want sooner. "It is in the right hand drawer. You open it with a paper knife—look, like this."

"I'm afraid there is no note paper here," says my lady, pushing her slender hand, lace ruffles and all, to the back of the drawer and pulling out some more dress patterns and a quantity of unpaid bills, "but I'll run and get some from papa's study."

"Oh, no; don't."

"Why not?"

"I don't know. Stay here. Show me again how this drawer opens."

"Nonsense; the drawer is open, and it is nearly post time."

"My letter is not important."

"But you said it was."

"I don't think it is now."

"Oh," rather quickly, "I think I should like to get you that note paper."

"And now"—laying it before me—"you must write your letter quickly if you want to get it off in time. And you mustn't talk any more."

"I won't. But isn't there something rather bumpy in this blotting book?"

"Oh, yes, that is chocolate. I always keep it in the pocket of my blotter, and then my maid doesn't eat it. Take it out while you are writing, but put it back again."

"Won't you take it out for me?"

"No. But you may eat some of it if you like."

My lady sits down in a basket chair—it creaks delightfully—and takes her kitten on her knee. The kitten makes playful pats at her with his paws, crouches down on her knee and springs at her hand, fastening his claws in her lace. My lady shakes her head reprovingly, then seizes him and holds him close to her and pretends to kiss him.

"You don't seem to be getting on with your letter very quickly."

"I can't bear to sit here and see that cat destroy your ruffles."

"Kitty and I will take another chair."

"Come now; that's not fair."

"It's nearly post time. You really must get on with that letter."

"Well, will you go back and sit in the basket chair?"

"No."

"I can't write unless you do."

"That's silly."

"It is true."

"Oh, well."

The basket chair begins to creak again.

I wish I could remember what I was going to say in this letter. I really would get on with it if I could, but for the life of me I can't remember what I was going to write about. The kitten has gone on a tour of discovery round the room, and my lady sits with lightly folded hands looking out of the window.

The china monkey grins at me. I do wish I could remember what I wanted to say. I suck the top of my pen; it tastes bad.

Presently my lady looks round. When she turns her head, it just makes a man feel inclined to stare helplessly at her and wonder how she does it. All the old similes about swanlike movements and flowerlike grace seem horribly inadequate when my lady turns her head. She bends it a little forward as she turns it, and one sees the wonderful lines of her neck and shoulder and the contour of her cheek, clear cut against the light from the window.

"You are quite sure you have everything you want?"

It is possible that she has been expecting to hear the scratching of my pen on the paper for some time past.

"I am quite sure I haven't."

"Oh, I am so sorry," says my lady. She rises from her chair and comes half way across the room toward me. Then she sees me looking at her, and she stops.

"You knew I meant writing materials," she says, with terrible severity.

"But there isn't any ink."

"Oh, dear! Has it dried up again?"

"It has, and I am quite sure these pens are not fit to use."

"Oh, and it is past post time! What will you do? I am afraid it is all my fault."

"I am sure of it."

"I really did think there was everything in that writing table." Then again, "What will you do?"

"I think I'll go for a walk in the garden with you."

"Oh, but I am so busy."

"Still I really think you ought to do something to make up for making me lose the post."

"Well, it must only be for a few minutes, remember."

It is two hours later when, having reached the garden somehow—I never can remember how—we return to the house. As we cross the lawn my lady is saying to me, "And I'll always help you to write your letters, and your writing table shall have paper and stamps and everything you want in it."—New Budget.

Kindness.

Do not be afraid of spoiling any one with kindness. It can't be done. Instead of spoiling it beautifies the character, cheers the heart and helps to raise the burden from shoulders which, though brave, sometimes grow very tired. Let not a little coldness frighten you away, for under a frigid exterior there is always to be found a tender chord which is to be touched by kindness, and which responds in beautiful harmonies to those little acts of courtesy that are to the heart as sunshine is to the struggling plant.—Exchange.

North Carolina has risen rapidly in the line of manufacturing states. At present her factories employ 36,214 hands and turn out $40,375,450 worth of product.

It is not true that equality is a law of nature. Nature has no equality. Its sovereign law is subordination and dependence.—Vauvenargues.

Dram once meant neither more nor less than a handful.

You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

THIS IS EARLY ON A

Bright May Morning.

We will begin by telling our many readers and pleasant customers of our grand success in this beautiful month. This month all living nature is in full bloom, and just so is our live, pushing Dry Goods store. Every shelf, table, and counter likewise is piled up with new and pretty Spring Goods. And twenty-two clerks are busy all the while distributing these pretty, new goods to the stylish and pleasant people of our dear Old North State. Do you need Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, or Underwear and Hats for yourself or family? We have them; we can fill your want, satisfy your taste and please your pocket-book. Try us, and join the happy band that trade at the

One Price, Spot Cash Racket Store.

CLOTHING—We can fit you. Try us. Our stock is large and new. Men's wool, in very pretty Suits, just received, $3 85 and 4.50; heavier weight, 5.00. A very pretty Gray Cutaway Coat, all wool, $5.00. A very fine all wool Coat and Vest, black, skeleton lined, $3 50 and 4.50. Odd Vest, a job at 25c each. Black Alapaca Coats from $1.25, 1.50 to 2 00 each. Brilliantine Coats, silk finished, $1.75 each. Light weight Store Coats, 50 and 88c each. Men's and boy's Straw Hats from 10, 25, 40 and 50c up to $1.00. Good Wool Pants, extra quality, for $1.25 and 1.50 a pair. Boy's Clothing all styles and prices. A big lot of new Clothing just received.

OUR MILLINERY Department is surely very popular. We are doing a fine business in this line. The Bell Crown Sailor in all prices, at 50, 75c, $1.00 and 1.50 each. In black, white and blue Trimmed Hats, all styles and prices. New Laces, Veilings and Dress Trimmings.

OUR SHOES have had a splendid run this spring, and our supply is equal to the demand. We have everything in Shoes. Slippers from 20c a pair to $3 50.

Remember our pretty stock of Summer Dress Goods, Percales, Ducks, Piques, Lawns, Linens, Silks Flannels and Serges. Come to us for Dress Goods. Beautiful Lawns, at 5, 6 and 10c a yard. A beautiful line of pretty, light, Figured Piques, at 10c a yard. Challies, at 5c. Ginghams, at 4 and 5c. Brilliantines, at 19, 25, 40 and 50c per yard. Oriental Lace, very pretty patterns, 14 inches wide, worth 40c, a job at 20c per yard. Come and see us, and we promise to save you money in every line of goods you may need. Our business is very good. We are doing twice as much business now as we ever did at this season of the year before. The reason of our immense business is, we sell goods of all classes to suit the masses, and at prices that defy competition.

You will find us at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop,

ma 10 tf WILMINTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

Buy The Best, It Pays.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS,

Remington Bicycles,

Both made by the Remington Arms Co.

Remington products have a world-wide reputation of being the FINEST that experience and money can produce.

We are sole dealers for above. Also Agents for the Celebrated

Victor Wheels.

C. W. YATES & CO.

my 10 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Waverley Bicycles. Highest of High Grades.

Experienced Riders. MADE BY INDIANA BICYCLE CO., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Thomas H. Wright, Agent.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ABNEY, CARR & CO.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1895.

For sale—Wholesale and Retail, and guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy. Retail by J. H. Hardin and all other Druggists, Wilmington, N. C.
ap 30 D&W 6m

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS Office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

"THE OHIO"

CREAM FREEZERS

guaranteed to be the best on the market. Does better and quicker work than any known machine.

Lawn Mowers.

Cheap line, warranted to give satisfaction.

Garden Hose,

both wire-bound and plain.

Water Coolers

just received, attractive, durable and cheap.

Buck Stoves.

Finest goods made.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

my 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm. Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

ap 3 tf

LADIES DO YOU KNOW DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S Steel & Pennyroyal Pills are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price, $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

RR R. BELLAMY & Co., Druggists, Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
my 9 D&W 1y

Why Is It

THAT WE CAN AFFORD TO SELL GOODS SO CHEAP.

Our expenses are not so high, and we are always on the look out for Bargains.

We buy in large quantities for Spot Cash. Bargains in every Department.

Dry Goods

Good Unbleaching 3c per yard.
Best Unbleaching for 5c in the city.
Light Calicoes 4c per yard.
Percales at 5, 8 and 10c per yard.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting 15c.
Splendid Bleached Sheeting 19c.
50-inch Red Table Cloth 30c.
36-inch Lawn Persian Styles 10c.
Figured Ducks 10c.
Pretty at Line Dimities 8, 10 and 15c.
Solid Color Crepons 11c, in Black, White, Cream, Blue and Canary.
Wash Linens only 7c per yard
New Styles Persian Silks 50c per yard.
40c Wash Silks 29c
Plain and Figured Silks 24c.

Black Dress Goods.

Figured Mohairs at 18 and 29c.
50c Figured Mohairs, 40 inch, 39c.
75c " " 44 " 58c.
50c Plain " " 34 " 39c.
65c " " 40 " 5?c.
$1 " " 46 " 73c.
36 inch Serge in Black and Navy 18c.
31c all Wool Serges 29c.
60c " " 45 inch, 39c.
75c " " 58c.
Danish Cloth, all Colors, 10c.
Flannels for Bath Suits, 30 inches wide, 25c; 50 inch wide, 50 to 69c.
Special Prices in Lace Curtains, 45c and upwards.
White and Figured Scrims for Curtains, 5, 8, 10 and 12½c.
Full line Silkalines 8, 12½ and 15c.
25c Gilt Stamped Drapery 15c.
All kinds of Dress Linings—35c Fibre Lining 17c per yd; Red Selvedge, Sponge Crepon, 29c.
Write for samples.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

617 & 619 North Fourth St.,

PHONE 111.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 00 and up. Beautiful Crayon Portraits Free. Ask for Punch Card.
my 14 tf

For Sale,

A VERY FINE

Soda Water Fountain.

One Generator,

Six Copper Fountains.

A rare chance to secure a bargain.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

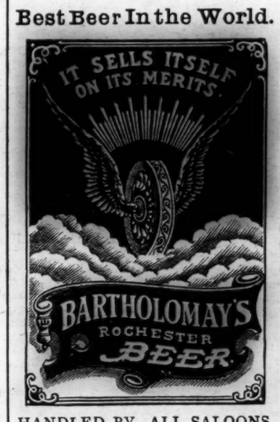
ap 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.



HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS.

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught

my 13 tf

1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND Country Gentleman. 1896

Maxton, N. C.

THE BEST OF THE

AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES

DEVOTED TO

Farm Crops and Processes,

Horticulture & Fruit-Growing

Live Stock and Dairying,

While it also includes all minor departments of Rural Interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell*. It is liberally illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscription Price is $2.50 per ear, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

CLUB RATES FOR 1896.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS,	in one remittance	$	
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do.	do.	10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do.	do.	15

☞ To all NEW Subscribers for 1896, paying in advance NOW, WE WILL SEND THE PAPER WEEKLY from our RECEIPT of the remittance, to JANUARY 1st, 1895, WITHOUT CHARGE.

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LUTHER TUCKER & SON, *Publishers*,
oct 15 tf ALBANY, N. Y.

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and

Excellent for Placing Under Carpets

BOWDEN

LITHIA WATER,

The Only Known Solvent of Stone in the Bladder.

A positive specific for Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, and all diseases having their origin in Uric Acid Diathesis,

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA,

and INSOMNIA.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal.

Beware of Artificial and Imitation Lithia Water they are dangerous!

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is sold by all dealers, or

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DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is so lonely affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is pure, y vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Curo and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 28.

Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No To Bac," "the Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY, Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box; three boxes (thirty days' treatment), $2.50, with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for book of testimonials. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

apr 11 3m ex su.

CROLIUS & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton.

45-47 Exchange Place and Mount Morris Bank Building, 125th Street and Park Avenue.

OUR MARKET LETTER, ISSUED GRATIS and mailed free on application; also our yearly Stock, Grain and Cotton Record, which will be completed on January 2, 1896. We offer special facilities to out-of-town brokers.

OUR HARLEM OFFICE has just entered on its fifth year of faithful service to clients in Greater New York, and it may be said, and truly so, that the service rendered has never been equaled. Aside from being Harlem's oldest stock brokers, we have the largest clientele, more private wires, telephones, employ more telegraph operators, clerks and bookkeepers than any other up-town brokers. Also larger and more commodious suite of offices, with unequaled facilities. NORTH OF WALL STREET.

National Bank references, New York Cotton Exchange references, New York Stock Exchange references, Chicago Board of Trade references.

WILMINGTON OFFICE: 111 North Water Street.

U. M. ROBINSON, Manager.

Out of town business solicited. dec 29 6m

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

June 8 1m

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

dec 27 1y

We Are Still

IN BUSINESS at No. 11 South Front street and would be pleased to have you give us a call when in need of our services. Respectfully,
H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Barbers and Hair Dressers.
apr 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
		No. 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
2 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv..Jacksonville.....Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv..Maysville.....Lv	10 00
4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55
5 3.	Ar..Newbern Lv	9 30
P M		A M

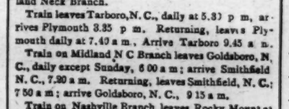
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort. Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT April 26, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.37 p m, Rocky Mount 1.38 p m, Tarboro 2.30 p m, Weldon 3.33 p m, Petersburg 5.30 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.00 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.38 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 1.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.50 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 5.50 a m and 3 40 p m, Tarboro 9.45 a m, returning leaves Tarboro 5 30 p m; Parmele 9 5 a m and 6 20 p m, arrive Washington 11 55 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m. Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7 50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.31 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 52 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 16 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 5.50 a m, Cheraw 8.41 a m, Darlington 7.43 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Returning leave Florence 7.45 p m, Darlington 8.17 p m, Cheraw 9 22 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m. Trains leave Gibson, daily except Sunday, 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8 18 p m, Bennettsville 9 09 p m, arrive Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m. Smithfield 8.03 p m, Dunn 8.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.32 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.51 a m, Smithfield 12.30 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.55 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 55 a m, arrives Sumter †9 30 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †6 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4.33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 30 a m. Leave Elliott †11.10 a m and †7.15 p m, arrive Lecknow †1 p m and †5.15 p m. Returning leave Lecknow †6 05 a m and †2 00 p m, arrive Elliot †8.35 a m and †3.30 p m. Leaves Denmark 4 17 pm, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leave Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrive Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 30 p m, arrives Darlington †8 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

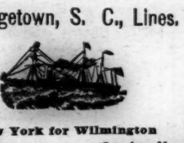
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. ap 30 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE, Saturday, May 16
CROATAN, Saturday, May 23

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, May 16
PAWNEE, Thursday, May 21
ONEIDA, Saturday, May 23

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, May 26

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THOS. G. ROSE, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. my 13 tf

Steamer E. A. Hawes

WILL LEAVE FOR CLEAR RUN AND A L points on Back River, on MONDAY and THURSDAY each week.

JAS. MADDEN, Agent.

feb 1 1m

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 12, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	7 25 a.
4 45 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 35 a m
3 33 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	10 55 "
3 39 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 05 "
3 19 "	Lv....Sanford.....Lv	12 22 p. m
1 22 a m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	2 25 "
12 58 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro...Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale...Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar...Walnut Cove...Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	Bennetsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 3.		No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 45 a. m.
6 15 "	Lv.....Maxton.....Ar	9 45 "
5 42 "	Lv....Red Springs...Lv	10 12 "
4 53 "	Lv.....Hope Mills...Lv	10 45 "
4 41 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 59 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.
No. 15. MIXED.		No. 16. MIXED.
3 50 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 23 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 38 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Market—Receipts at the Ports.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The following are the net receipts at the ports since September 1st, 1895: Galveston, 918,852 bales; New Orleans, 1,708,682; Mobile, 205,223, Savannah, 787,448, Charleston, 276,169; Wilmington, 169,699; Norfolk, 338,556; Baltimore, 40,994; New York, 95,873; Boston, 145,685; Newport News, 14,831; Philadelphia, 41,437; West Point, 143,794; Brunswick, 94,840; Port Royal, 73,672; Pensacola, 16,433; Texas City, 64 019; total, 5,039,204.

The *Sun* says: Cotton declined two to three points, recovered the loss, then reacted and declined one to four points, closing easy, with sales of 71,800 bales.

To-day's features: The tendency of prices to-day was downward. The net loss for the day, however was slight, for the speculation was a very small affair. Europe sold heavily to-day and this depressed prices for a time. Then the loss was recovered on local support. New Orleans was buying here. Still later there was some realizing and prices again receded, closing at a small loss for the day. The crop movement continues liberal. The weather and crop advances from the South to-day were very favorable. The Southern spot markets were dull and in some cases easier. The quantity to come into sight this week is estimated at 40,000 bales, against 43,900 last week and 31,000 last year. The Liverpool news to-day was disappointing.

SPANISH REMONSTRANCES

Against the Attitude of the United States in Regard to Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, May 15.—At a Cabinet council held to-day, the Duke of Tetuan, Minister of Foreign Affairs, was authorized to draft a formal remonstrance against the attitude of the United States towards Cuba, which will be presented to the Government at Washington. It is probable that Senor Dupuy de Lome, Spanish Minister at Washington, will also be instructed to protest personally against the policy being pursued by the American Government. It is also decided that the Government send 40,000 troops to Cuba in September.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Spanish Minister, Senor Dupuy de Lome, being shown this morning a dispatch from Madrid asserting that the Spanish Government had authorized a formal remonstrance to be presented against the attitude of the United States in regard to Cuba, replied that this was directly contrary to all his information and to the explicit statement contained in the Queen's speech. He said that his Government had warned him to pay no attention to disturbing dispatches in the press, as they would keep him fully advised on all points. The relations between Spain and the United States, he added, were entirely cordial, and there was no friction of any kind.

STEAMER BERMUDA

Failed to Land Men and Arms in Cuba on Her Last Trip.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—A cablegram from the Spanish Consul at Truxillo to Minister Dupuy de Lome confirms the failure of the Bermuda to land her arms and men in Cuba on her last trip. The consul says on the arrival of the Bermuda in Truxillo the captain declared at the customs house that he had the following men: 27 in crew and 11 passengers. Subsequently he admitted having on board 30 "workmen," making a total of 68 men. The authorities found the hold apparently full of coal, which made it impossible for them to search for the alleged arms which, if on board, were covered up by the coal. Without waiting for a permit the Bermuda left port and landed sixty men thirty miles down the coast and then proceeded to Puerto Cortez.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1896	1895
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	35,135	31,848
Total receipts to this date.....	5,039,204	7,753 891
Exports for the week	33,213	85,167
Total exports to this date.....	4,167,483	6,238,347
Stock in all United States ports.....	390,433	583,620
Stock at all interior towns.....	70,241	43,271
American afloat for Stock in Liverpool,..	1,099,000	1,681,000
Great Britain.....	70,000	88,000

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 26¼@26¾. Rosin quiet and weak; strained common to good $1 80@1 85.

CHARLESTON, May 15.—Spirits turpentine dull; no sales. Rosin dull; nothing; quotations omitted.

SAVANNAH, May 15.—Spirits turpentine opened at 24@24½c. with sales of 578 casks; closed at 24c bid, with no further sales; receipts 1,282 casks; receipts since April 1st, not given; exports 40,732 casks; stock 13,433 casks. Rosin—market firm and unchanged, sales of 1,500 barrels; receipts 2,904 barrels. Receipts 1,110,890 barrels; exports 139,537 barrels; stock 105,886 barrels.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of artar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N.Y.

CONCERNING CUBA.

SENATE RESOLUTION AS TO AMERICANS UNDER SENTENCE OF DEATH.

Iequiry as to Oriental Competition with American Industries—Discussion of the Bill to Prohibit Issuance of Bonds Without Authority of Congress—Pension Matters in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Mr. Morgan of Alabama, Democrat, offered a resolution which went over until to-morrow instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire as to the rights of the United States under treaties with Spain, in respect to the treatment of American citizens arrested in Cuba and under sentence of death by Spanish military tribunals; and also directing the Secretary of State to send to the Senate literal copies of the original text of the Cushing protocol of July 12, 1877, and copies of correspondence of such protocol and on its bearing towards the persons captured on the Competitor.

Mr. Gallinger offered a resolution declaring that the widespread business depression and rapid increase of the public debt demonstrates that the existing Tariff law does not produce sufficient revenue, and that a revision of the law is imperatively demanded in the interests of the people of the United States. He asked that it be laid on the table, subject to his call, as he desired to address the Senate either on the resolution or on some bill that may be before the Senate before the adjournment of the present session.

A resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island, Republican, directing the Finance Committee to inquire whether American labor and industries are suffering from or are threatened with injurious competition through importations of Oriental products, and if so, to investigate the causes which have made such competition possible, was taken up and agreed to with an amendment offered by Mr. Mills instructing the committee to report also the labor or cost of products by the unit of quantity in both countries.

In pursuance of previous notice, Mr. Bacon of Georgia, Democrat, addressed the Senate in favor of the bill to prohibit the issuance of bonds or other interest bearing obligations of the Government by the Secretary of the Treasury, or officers of the Government without the authority of Congress. He argued that Congress, either by action or non-action, would be responsible if more bonds were issued under the law by which two hundred and sixty-two millions of dollars worth of bonds had been sold in the past three years. If the session closed with that law unrepealed, Congress would be saying to the people that it approved of the law; and also, that it approved of what the Secretary of the Treasury had done under it in the past, and would approve of what he might do in the future. He argued that a delegation of the powers of Congress over the finances of the country was a violation of the letter and of the spirit of the Constitution. Under the existing law that autocratic power over the finances was exercised not only in the absence of popular consent, but in opposition to the wishes of the people and of their chosen representatives. From the foundation of the Government every issue of bonds had been made under authority given by Congress. And the Act of 1875, under which $262,000,000 of bonds was issued, was no exception to that rule, because it was only intended to exchange one form of indebtedness for another form—that was, to issue bonds in order to cancel greenbacks. It was never intended to clothe the Secretary of the Treasury with unlimited power to issue bonds at his discretion.

Mr. Bacon spoke of the outflow of gold which had begun—$13,000,000 being already gone, $8,000,000 within the past week. Was there a Senator, he asked, who doubted that that drain of gold would continue, and that within a few months the Treasury gold would be all gone, and then, under existing law, and under the established practice of the Treasury Department, another $100,000,000 of bonds would soon be issued and a $100,000,000 of greenbacks locked up. There was a most powerful and active element at work, he said, under the lead of the Executive, openly advocating the retirement and cancellation of greenbacks and Treasury notes, and this issue of bonds was the most active means of promoting that policy. It would effect that purpose as thoroughly as would be accomplished by a law for their cancellation.

Mr. Bacon declared that if the day after the Senate shall have adjourned and after Senators had hurried away to attend political conventions, it was announced that the Executive Department had, without special authority from Congress determined to issue one, two or three hundred millions of bonds, there was no power to say it nay, so long as the law remained unrepealed. Was it, he asked, to be recognized as the permanent policy of the Government, that the Executive Department was to exercise, in its discretion, the power to contract debt and to issue bonds without limit? If not, there was no time like the present for the repeal of that law. Responsibility was on Senators and could not be escaped. Speeches on all subjects were made in the Senate, and should Senators be silent now, either in speech or in vote, when this great issue was presented? Should any one man be invested for the future with more than royal power, in his discretion and without limit, to burden the people with debt to the amount of untold millions, and should the Executive Department be clothed with the most important legislative functions conferred by the Constitution on Congress? This was the great question.

"Let the record," Mr. Bacon said in conclusion, "show how Senators and Representatives and how the political parties whom they represent stand upon this great issue."

Mr. Butler of North Carolina, Populist, commended Mr. Bacon's speech, and called attention to a bill which he (Mr. Butler) had introduced early in the session prohibiting the issue of bonds without the consent of Congress. He gave notice that he would on some future day ask the Senate to take up that bill for consideration.

Mr. Hill objected to having the time farmed out in that way.

The Dupont election case, from the State of Delaware, was taken up and debated until 5 o'clock. The result of all the legal and constitutional arguments for and against, was that the Republican Senators to a man, voted in favor of the claims; that the Democrats voted just as unanimously against it; and that the Populists allied themselves solidly on the Democratic side—making the vote on the amendment which declared that Mr. Dupont was not entitled to the seat 31 to 30. A second vote on the resolution thus amended resultey in exactly the same figures. There was no attempt on the part of the Republicans to postpone a decisive issue.

At 5.40 the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Dingley of Maine, Republican, it was agreed that when the House adjourn to-night it be until Monday next.

Mr. De Armond called up the unanimous report of Elections Committee No. 3 upon the contested election case of J. Hampton Hoge, Republican, vs. Peter J. Otey, Democrat, from the Sixth Virginia district, confirming the title of Mr. Otey to the seat which he occupied, and it was agreed to.

The House then proceeded to read and pass the private pension bills favorably acted upon by the Committee of the Whole the past week, there being about 160 in all of the calendar.

At 5 o'clock the House, under the rules, took a recess until 8 o'clock, having passed 101 bills. Thirty-four bills were laid aside to await formal engrossment before final action upon the demand of Messrs. Erdman of Pennsylvania, Democrat, and Talbert of South Carolina, Democrat.

House Committee No. 1 to-day unanimously decided the contested election case of George Denny, Jr., Republican, vs. Wm. C. Owens, Democrat, in favor of the sitting member—Owens. The case came from the Seventh Kentucky district, represented for a dozen years previous to the Fifty-fourth Congress by W. C. P. Breckinridge, who was defeated for re-nomination by Owens. Denny's ground of contest, it is said, was that the Returning Board in one of the counties of the district was not legally constituted. Owens plurality was but 91 votes.

The entire period devoted under the rules to the night session was spent in a fruitless effort to obtain a quorum.

At 10.30 the session expired by limitation, and the House was declared to be adjourned until Monday next.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Nominations Sent to the Senate — Gen. Fitz Lee Preparing For His Departure to Cuba—Another Call on Depository Banks by Secretary Carlisle.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The President sent to the Senate the following nominations: John Fowler, of Massachusetts, to be consul of the United States at Chefoo, China; Robert Lee Jenkins, of North Carolina, to be consul of the United States at Patras, Greece; William Lochren, of Minnesota, to be United States District Judge for the district of Minnesota, vice Rensselaer R. Nelson, resigned; Domonic I. Murphy, of Pennsylvania, now first Deputy Commissioner of Pensions; vice William Lochren resigned, to be Commissioner of Pensions; Napoleon J. T. Dana, of New Hampshire, to be first Deputy Commissioner of Pensions, vice Murphy. The resignation of Judge Nelson, which led to the above series of nominations, was only to-day made public.

General Fitzhugh Lee has returned to Washington to receive final instructions from the President and Secretary of the Navy before leaving for Havana to succeed Mr. Ramon O. Williams as United States Consul General there. The Cabinet was in session when General Lee visited the State Department, so he did not have an opportunity to see Mr. Olney. The date of his departure will depend on the President and Secretary of State. General Lee has no idea as to when he will start except that it will be in a very short time. His stay in Washington will probably be brief, and when it is concluded he desires a few days for the purpose of visiting his mother in Fredericksburg, Va.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Secretary Carlisle has made another call on the depository banks in New York to pay into the Treasury about $4,000,000 held by them of the recent bond issue money. This amount is called to be paid in by June 1. This will leave of the money deposited in the banks designated, on account of the bond issue, still $4 000,000 and this will be called for by June 15, the date of the last payment due on the bond issue. So that the whole transaction as between the banks and the Treasury may be closed by that time.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Depressed in Price—Corn and Oats Closed Lower in Sympathy With Wheat—Decline in Prices of Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Under a combination of circumstances wheat was depressed in price as a result of to day's trading. The break, which was greatest in force near the close, is ascribed principally to a vague rumor that Thoman had issued a report on winter wheat, placing the condition at 84 per cent. of an average crop. It was said that the report was in the hands of subscribers, but they were unwilling to make public their details. July wheat opened from 63⅝ to 63¼, sold between 63⅜@62½@63⅜, closing at the inside—1 to 1¼c under yesterday. Cash wheat was weak and ¾ to 1c lower.

Corn—Trading carried with it nothing of an attractive character. Speculation was strictly local, July corn opened at 29⅞c, sold between 29⅞@30c and 29½, closing at the inside—¾c under yesterday. Cash corn sold at steady prices, but the feeling at the close was weak in sympathy with the futures.

Oats were quiet. The trade was light and presented nothing that was worthy of comment. July oats closed ½@¾c lower than yesterday. Cash oats were steady early but weak in the end.

Provisions—The hog market communicated both strength and weakness to provisions. At first the impulse was to advance on reports of a gain of 5c at the yards, but second advices were not so encouraging, and product readily responded to the alteration. July pork closed 13½@15c lower than yesterday, July lard 2½c lower and July ribs 7½@10c lower. Domestic and foreign markets were steady.

LARGE TRACTS OF LAND

In Mitchell, Caldwell and Watauga Counties Claimed by Two Men Under Deeds Dating Years Ago—The Town of Linville and Cranberry Iron Works Involved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WINSTON, N. C., May 15.—The people of Mitchell, Caldwell and Watauga counties are greatly stirred up over the appearance of two men named Cochrane and Tate, with a party of surveyors These two men have surveyed 106,500 acres of land in these counties and say that it belongs to them. They are armed with deeds and land grants dating 101 years ago, wherein the land that they claim was deeded to their grand-parents by the Government for service rendered. The Grandfather Mountain, the Cranberry Iron Works and the whole town of Linville are included in the claim. At first the people thought it was some wild-cat scheme, but the confidence Cochrane and Tate exhibit and the documents they have lately brought to bear have put a serious aspect on the matter and many of the people now think it quite probable that they will have to give up their homes or re-buy them. Mr. Cochrane was born in Watauga, but in early life moved to Alabama, and later went to California. Mr. Tate has always lived in the western part of the State. They say that their claims are undoubtedly genuine.

The anniversary of the battle of Newmarket, Va., was observed at the Virginia Military Institute yesterday by a suspension of all academic duties. The corps of cadets took an active part in the battle and many of the youths were killed. Their graves in the cemetery where they lay buried were covered with flowers and appropriate services were held there in the afternoon.

ARE YOU ONE of those unhappy people suffering with weak nerves? Remember that the nerves may be made strong by Hood's Sarsaparilla which feeds them upon pure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after dinner pill; assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

CAPT. GEN. WEYLER

Issues a Proclamation to Farmers and Peasantry in Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 15.—Captain General Weyler has issued a proclamation ordering the farmers and peasantry, during the next seventy days, to transport to the towns in their vicinities all of the corn and other grains stored upon their farms. This order applies to the provinces Pinar del Rio, Havana and Matanzas. The military quartermasters are authorized by this order to purchase the grains brought to the towns by the farmers at the current price and if the grain is not required by the Government it will be stored for the account of its owners. After the period of twenty days has elapsed, the proclamation declares, any grain found upon farms in the provinces mentioned will be regarded as contraband of war, and will be seized and the owners thereof subjected to criminal libel.

The rebel leader Manuel Romero was shot this morning at Clenfuegoes.

FEARFUL CYCLONE.

Many People Killed and Great Damage to Property.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEXAS, May 15.—A cyclone struck Sherman at 4 20 this afternoon, killing many people and doing great damage. The number of dead is reported to be from 50 to 100. It is said the cyclone struck the ball park while a game was in progress and that part of the Sherman and the San Antonio team and many spectators were killed. All telegraph wires to Sherman have been down since 4.30.

DENISON, May 15.—The city of Sherman was visited by the worst cyclone in the history of North Texas about 6 o'clock this evening. The loss of life will probably reach one hundred, with as many bruised and wounded. The city hall and a store-room have been turned into temporary hospitals and eighteen mangled and mutilated bodies are awaiting identification at these two places. Nearly every house in the Fairview addition has been turned into a hospital.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

New York, May 15.—Strawberries, North Carolina, quart, 8 to 18c; do, Norfolk, do, 6 to 10c, beets, Florida, crate, 50c to 1.00; do, Florida and Charleston, 100 bunches, 3.00 to 7.00; do New Orleans do 2 00 to 4.00; cucumbers, Florida, crate, 1.50 to 3.35; cabbages, Florida, crate, 1.00 to 1.25; do, Savannah, dc, 1.50 to 2.00; do, Charleston, do, 1.25 to 2 00; do, North Carolina, do, 1.25 to 1.75; do, Norfolk, do, 1.25 to 1.75, egg plant, Florida, barrel, 2 00 to 4 00; lettuce, basket, Norfolk, 25 to 40c; peas, North Carolina, basket, 25 to 75c; do, do, half barrel, 60 to 90c; do, Norfolk; do, 85c to 1.25; do Virginia, basket, 75c to 1.00; string beans, Savannah, basket, 1.00 to 1.50; do, Florida, crate, 50c to 1.00; do, Charleston, basket, 1.25 to 1.75; squash, Florida, crate, 50 to 75c; do, do, basket, 50 to 75c; tomatoes, Florida, carrier, 1.50 to 4 00; potatoes, Florida, 1.50 to 5 50; do, Savannah, 1.50 to 5 00; do, Charleston, 1.50 to 5 00.

COLORADO REPUBLICANS.

The State Convention Declares for Free Coinage of Silver and a Protective Tariff.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PUEBLO, COL., May 15.—It was nearly midnight last night when the Committee on Resolutions of the State Republican Convention reported. It was decided to let Senator Henry M. Teller lead the Colorado delegation. This was reported to the convention and his nomination was made unanimous. Instructions to cast the Colorado vote according to his views were also passed.

The resolutions adopted were strongly in favor of free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 and for protection to American industries. Free trade and the gold standard were roundly scored.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Mobile—Mobile 3; Atlanta 7.

New Orleans—New Orleans 1; Birmingham 0.

Roanoke—Lynchburg 3; Roanoke 8.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 6; Boston 8.

Cleveland—Cleveland 10; New York 4.

St. Louis—St. Louis 5; Washington 2.

Louisville—Louisville 9; Philadelphia 3.

Chicago—Chicago 8; Baltimore 7.

Washington—Georgetown 31; Virginia 11.

Richmond—Richmond 9; Petersburg 4.

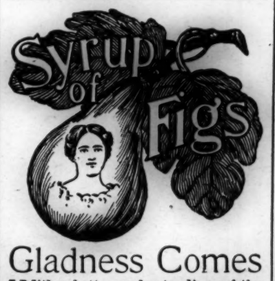
Portsmouth—Portsmouth 3; Norfolk 1.

WARM WIRELETS.

Rear Admiral Thomas H. Stevens died yesterday at his daughter's residence at Rockville, Md.

The Democratic State Committee of New York has selected Saratoga Springs as the place, and June 24th the date, for holding its State Convention.

An Indianapolis dispatch says the Supreme Court of Indiana sustains the apportionment act of 1885, and coming elections must be held under it. This is a decided advantage to the Democrats of the State.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F.

Officers Elected—Trustees of the Orphan Home—Testimonial to Grand Treasurer R. J. Jones.

[Goldsboro Argus]

The following Grand Officers of the State Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., were elected and installed for the ensuing year:

Grand Master, W. T. Dortch, Goldsboro; Deputy Grand Master, J. P. Sawyer, Asheville; Grand Warden, R. W. Murray, Greensboro; Grand Secretary, B. H. Woodell, Raleigh; Grand Treasurer, R. P. Jones, Wilmington; Grand Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, Past G. M., C. F. Lumsden, Raleigh.

Grand Master Dortch made the following appointments:

Grand Marshal, J. M. Davis; Grand Conductor, M. W. Jacobi; Grand Guardian, R. N. Hackett; Grand Herald, W. Brown; Grand Chaplain, C. O. Durand.

Standing Committee on By-Laws—Gilbert McLeod, L. S. Brinkley, Seth E. Speight.

The following trustees of the Orphans' Home were duly elected: N. Jacobi, Wilmington; C. B. Edwards, Raleigh; W. C. Douglass, Carthage; W. T. Dortch and W. A. J. Peacock, Goldsboro; W. D. Gaster, Fayetteville.

On motion, Mr. W. A. J. Peacock's election as director, was made for life. Two hundred dollars was subscribed by members of the Grand Lodge present towards the building fund of the Orphan Home. The contribution list was left open; the members pledging themselves to raise the balance needed to assure the completion of the Orphans' Home.

One of the pleasantest features of this session of the Grand Lodge was the presentation to the Grand Treasurer R. J. Jones of a handsome jeweled badge given by the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the World to all members who have served fifty years continual service in the Order. The presentation was made by Past Grand Master J. F. Bruton, with appropriate remarks.

Grand Treasurer Jones was much overcome by the unexpected surprise, and feelingly replied, thanking the Sovereign Grand Lodge for the honor.

A rising vote of thanks was extended to Neuse Lodge and the citizens of Goldsboro for the many acts of kindness rendered and the expressions of friendly greeting.

Charlotte was agreed upon as the next meeting place of the Grand Lodge, provided suitable rates could be made with hotels and railroads.

The Grand Lodge then, on motion, adjourned *sine die*.

Dr. John Bailey, a prominent physician of Chattanooga, and R. A. Moore, a stock dealer from Fayetteville, Tenn., were yesterday given terms of two years each in the State's prison, for attempting to perform an abortion on the person of Miss Susie Kate Ferguson, daughter of a merchant of Fayetteville.

Alfred C. Fields, colored, wrs hanged in the county jail at Chicago, Illinois, yesterday for the murder of Ellen Randolph, also colored. Marzon and Windrath, other murderers who were to have been hanged to day, were reprieved.

His Pills.

There lives in a town not far from here—in fact, it is at Skaneateles—a couple who think a good deal of each other, and when one is ill the other does everything in the world for her or his welfare. Not long ago the husband was taken ill, and his wife rummaged around to find some medicine in the house. Finally she came across a box of little black pills. There was no writing on the cover of the box to tell what they were, but as they resembled a certain liver pill the wife concluded that they must be the required thing. She gave them to her hubby regularly, and he seemed to improve. About a week after, when he had got down to the last pill, he chanced to turn the box over. He gave a yell that startled the whole neighborhood. His wife ran to him, thinking that he was dying. "Look," he cried. "Read what it says on the bottom." She did, as he bade her, and this was what she read: "Prime Crown Morning Glory Seeds!"—Syracuse Post.

Swore Himself In.

In his reminiscences of the Crimea, in 1854, General Sir Evelyn Wood tells a story of a fighting general who, during a conflict, was seen wherever bullets fell most thickly. When not visible, his voice was heard encouraging his men with "a vocabulary borrowed from 'the army in Flanders,'" which Sir Evelyn says will not bear repetition. "Years after he was appointed to the Aldershot command, and her majesty happened to ask, 'Has the new general yet taken up his command?' 'Yes, your majesty,' was the apt reply; 'he swore himself in yesterday.'"

Iceland moss is native to the northern parts of all continents. It is most abundant, however, in Iceland, whence its name has been obtained. Formerly in high repute in medicine, it is now very lightly regarded.

Australia means "south," and the land now known by that name was formerly called New Holland.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Cheap Rent—Thirteen room house with bath and other conveniences, corner Seventh and Chesnut streets. Possession given at once. Apply to Morris Bear & Bros. we fr su tu th my 13 tf

Our Safety Deposit Boxes have arrived. Three sizes, latest improved, at popular prices. The ownership of one of these Boxes carries the privilege of storing your silver box without additional charge. National Bank of Wilmington. ma 10 tf

Good opportunity to rent the elegant Store 416 North Front street, including basement, heretofore used as Restaurant by Gieschen Bros. my 1 tf

Just received one car Jamaica Bananas, 10 barrels Russett and 40 crates Western, N. C., Apples; 25 sacks Irish Potatoes and Onions, Butter Beans, Peas, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, N. C. Hams, Cakes and Crackers, Candies of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges and Peanuts, in lots to suit at A. S. Winstead's, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers, 115 North Second street. ap 3 D&W tf

Photographic novelties, Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

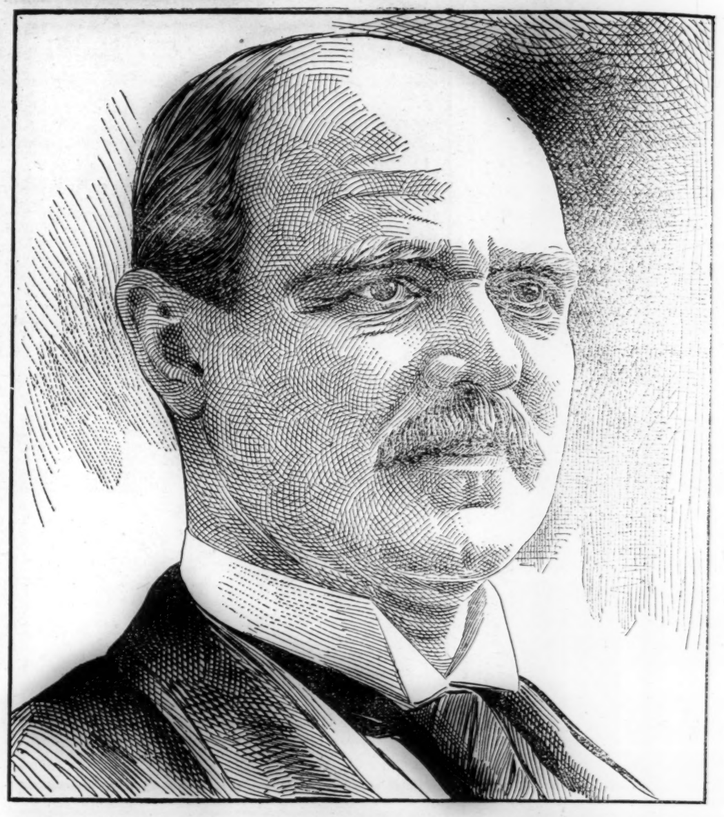
Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Haydon, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

NEAR THE WHITE HOUSE!

Personal Friends of the President Indorse Paine's Celery Compound.

Following the Testimonials of Judge Powers and Congressman Grout Come Hearty Letters from Congressman Meredith of Va., Asst. U. S. Attorney John G. Capers, Maj. Gen. Birney, Congressman Wilber of N. Y., Congressman Bell, Lieut. McAllister, Congressman Neill, and Many More.



The proprietors of Paine's celery compound have never exaggerated either the virtue of this wonderful remedy nor the astonishing character of the endorsements it has received.

This greatest of all blood purifiers and restorers of nervous energy, this remedy which is to-day in greater demand than all the so-called spring remedies put together—

This Paine's celery compound, which was first discovered and prescribed by America's most eminent physician, that giant among medical scientists of this progressive age, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth college.

This remedy, which has been a blessing to thousands upon thousands of homes in every State and city of the country, which has been energetically endorsed by the ablest physicians, which has received thousands of heartfelt testimonials from women and men in every station in life, and has been publicly recommended without solicitation by persons of such high character that they are honored by the whole nation—this remedy that makes people well, has received so many letters in its praise within the last two or three months, coming in every mail from every section of the country—that it would be impossible to print them all in the daily issue of any one paper.

Mr. Hearst's great paper, the Journal in New York, the Globe and the Journal in Boston, Mr. Kohlsaat's powerful Times Herald in Chicago, have each of them, within a month, devoted from one to three pages at a time to the most remarkable canvass ever made to the druggists in great cities. And their best reporters, unprejudiced one way or the other, have found that the druggists are meeting not only a larger demand than ever before for this one remedy, but that this demand—because Paine's celery compound cures where everything else fails—is so far greater to-day than that of any other remedy that it has no competitor.

Among the thousands of testimonials that have been received by the proprietors of Paine's celery compound this spring, none have been more noteworthy than those that come from the national capital. The enthusiastic letter of Judge Powers and of Congressman Grout were recently published in this paper. Above is a good likeness of one of the ablest members on the democratic side of the house, a leader of acknowledged ability, a personal friend of the president, a man of great weight,—Congressman Elisha E. Meredith of Virginia. A letter from him, dated Feb. 4, from the house of representatives, says:

"After a fair trial I have no hesitation in saying that I believe Paine's celery compound all that is claimed for it, and it gives me pleasure to commend it."

A letter from Congressman Robert Neill, of Arkansas, contains the following:

"My home is at Batesville, Ark. During the last spring and summer my eldest daughter, then 17 years of age, was in very poor health, suffering from general debility, nervous prostration and frequent slight fevers. She had the best medical attention, but apparently with little benefit. In the latter part of September last, while still feeble, she began the use of Paine's celery compound, and improved in health continuously. In three months she had fully recovered, and is still in perfect health. I am bo nd to think the remedy is an excellent one, and do not hesitate to recommend it to the suffering."

Lieut. C. A. McAllister, writing from hotel Oxford, March 28, said:

"For several years past I have been a sufferer from severe attacks of dyspepsia, caused by too close attention to busines; on the advice of a physician I took several bottles of Paine's celery compound, and have been greatly benefitted thereby. Since the first of last September I have gained 25 pounds, and am now feeling in first-rate health.

C. A. McAllister.
"1st Assistant Engineer, U. S. R. C. S."

Hon. John C. Bell, a member of Congress from Colorado, in a letter to Wells & Richardson Co., about the same time, told how he had used three bottles of Paine's celery compound for dyspepsia and rheumatism, with satisfactory results.

Major Gen. Birney, who is now, at the age of 75, practicing law and doing departmental work in Washington, the unflinching commander at the battle of Fredericksburg, of the famous 38th New York regiment, in a letter to Wells & Richardson Co., says:

"My wife has been taking the Paine's celery compound for some time past, and is so much pleased with it that she wishes me to express to you her high opinion of its merits. She thinks it the best she has ever tried."

Congressman Wilber, of New York, writing in March, used these significant words:

"I was persuaded by a friend to try your Paine's celery compound some time ago, and after its use, am pleased to recommend it to any one who is in an overworked or run down condition, as doing what is claimed for it."

Many other letters from prominent people who are not so well known are included in this year's files of testimonials from Washington.

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